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Memorandum

ARTMENT OF JUSTICE

30 : Burke Marshall

DATE: Nov. 21, 1963

PROM : Frank M. Dunbaugh

SUBJECT: Bi-racial Connittee in New Orleans

I am returning the attached correspondence concerning the fornation of a bi-racial conmittee in New Orleans. I am not familiar with any of the persons involved in the correspondence so it is difficult to judge their motives.

Apparently, Mr. Lemann believes that Mr. Feaner's approval is essential to the formation of a bi-racial committee. Mr. Fenner opposes the formation of such a committee. He states in his letter of October 15 that the committee members of both races will be thrown into the limelight and will then become subject to criticism and political pressure. This has not been the experience in Baton Rouge where the committee's activities have been so little publicized that its members are nearly anonymous. The committee operates with such secrecy that the Negroes in Baton Rouge complain with some justification that they have not been kept informed of the committee's activities.

Since the persons involved in this correspondence appear to be attorneys it might be suggested to them that they contact some of the attorneys on the Baton Rouge bi-racial committee, such as Charest Thibaut, Frank Craig, or Judge Carlos Spaght, to obtain their views.

Bovember 27, 1963

Stephen Lemann, Esquire Monroe & Lemana Whitney Building New Orleans, Louisians

Dear Steves

In connection with your efforts for a bi-racial committee, and the debate with Mr. Fenner, may I suggest that the experience in Baton Rouge of Charest Thibaut, Frank Craig, Judge Carlos Spaght, or Douglas Manship could prove him wrong.

Best Regards,

Eurke Marshall Assistant Attorney General Civil Rights Division

7 Documber 1963

Professor Harold W. Pfants Department of Sociology & Anthropology Brown University Providence 12, Rhode Island

Dear Professor Plants:

In reply to your recent request for statistics of civil rights demonstrations in this country, our records show that for the period of <u>Kay 20, 1963 to Hovenber 4, 1963</u>, the following demonstrations took places

Total Demonstrations	1,898		
States	40	4	D.C.
Cities	297		

The above demonstrations were for the following reasons:

General ·	455
Public Accommodations	738
School	106
Employment	231
Bousing	111
Other	223

Unfortunately, we can't offer any theoretical assistance in your study of crowds. We have not analyzed or surveyed racial demonstrations other than simply making this count and our sources of information for this are principally newspaper clippings.

Very truly yours,

Burke Marshall Assistant Attorney General Civil Rights Division ATR No. G-1C Acr. 12-10-57)

FROM DERECTOR OF PUBLIC EXFORMATION OFFICE OF THE ATTORNET GENERAL to Official indicated below by check mark

Attorney General		MEMORANDUM
Deputy Attorney General		12/13/63
First Assistant Deput, Attorney General		Burke: It won't hurt to be help-
Executive Office For U. S. Attorneys		
Executive Office For U. S. Marshale		ful, if it doesn't interfere too
Solicitor General		such with your office routine.
Executive Assistant to the Attorney General		A letter from Norman Thomas is
Assistant Attorney General, Antitrust		
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Assistant Attorney General, Internal Security		100
Assistant Attorney General, Civil Rights	2	
Administrative Assistant Attorney General		
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FROM DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC ENFORMATION

OFFICE OF THE ATTORNET GENERAL

to
Official indicated below by check mark

Attorney General	T	MEMORANDUM
Deputy Attorney General		12/13/63
First Assistant Deput; Atterney General		Burker It won't hurt to be help-
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Executive Assistant to the Attorney General		A letter from Bornen Thomas is
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gen Profess Pfing: Il you wish to make arrange to un sum har, I Think I wows fraget with I last - grades for meleging dela verilable. I elm Enth und to althe le officiel & upper a mound p75, Romente 1 1963 in tot no student demorth time as which of bestime intende. I and be glast diams to matter with vintely your,

December 17, 1963

Mr. Harold W. Pfants
Professor of Sociology
Brown University
Providence 12, Khode Island

Dear Professor Pfantzs

If you wish to make arrangements to come down here, I think I would be able to make at least a good deal of our underlying data available. I do not know whether they would be sufficient to support a research project, but the events of 1963 in street and student demonstrations are certainly of historical interest. I would be glad to discuss the matter with you.

Very truly yours,

BURKE MARSHALL
Assistant Attorney General
Civil Rights Division

· mine.

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20 December 1963

MEMORANDUM FOR THE LEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL

From Burke Marshall

Re: Eugene Gordon -- Middle District of Borth
Carolina

A preliminary check indicates that there may be a serious question about this appointment from the point of view of Mr. Gordon's views on racial matters and the equal protection laws.

I have made initial inquiries through John Wheeler, a Negro banker in Durham, who is a man of great integrity and tolerance. He is presently a member of the President's Committee on Equal Employment Opportunity.

Mr. Wheeler discussed Mr. Gordon with a number of Megroes in North Carolina, who in turn checked with both Negro and white citizens in whom they had confidence. Mr. Wheeler himself talked to about a dozen persons, including three lawyers.

Mr. Gordon was reported to be a competent lawyer. Mr. Wheeler got only negative reactions, however, on Gordon's attitude on civil rights. Mr. Gordon is reported to have supported Beverly Lake, a militant segregationist, in the gubernatorial race against Terry Sanford in 1960. Mr. Wheeler is informed that Gordon is still strongly allied with Lake, and is politically

aligned with extremely conservative segregationists. There is accordingly, Mr. Wheeler states, deep concern about the possible appointment in the liberal groups of North Carolina.

I am continuing to get the facts on this matter.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICS.

BONORABLE MACON L. WEAVER WRITED STATES ATTORNEY 354 FEDERAL BUILDING BIRMINGHAN 3. ALABANA

PLEASE PROCURE THE TEXT, CITATION, DATE, ANY AMENDMENT OR RESEAL, OF ANY PRESENT AND PAST ORDINANCES, GOING SACE TO 1665. PERTAINING TO RACIAL SEGREGATION, DISCRIMINATION, SEPARATION OF THE RACES, OR EXCLUSION OF REGROES IN RESTAURANTS, HOTELS, INNS, THEATERS, PLACES OF ANUSEMENT, PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION PACILITIES (INCLUDING RAILROADS, BUSES, AND STREETCARS), AND PLACES OF PUBLIC ACCOMMODATION GENERALLY, AND ANY OTHER OXDINANCES PURPORTING TO PROVIDE FOR THE RACIAL SEGREGATION OF PRIVATELY-OWNED FACILITIES, MITH ARSPECT TO BIRSTHORM AND CADEDER, THIS MATERIAL SHOULD BE FORWARDED AS SOON AS RECEIVED BUT IN ANY EVENT HOT LATER THAN HONDAY, JANUARY 6, 1964. IP YOU HAVE ANY QUESTION OR PROBLEM CALL ME OR ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL BURGE BARSHALL.

Mareld M. Greene, Chief Appeals and Reserra Section 12/30/63 7:00 P.M.

9176

27 December 1963

MEMORANDOM FOR THE DEPOTY ATTORIZY CENERAL

From Burke Marshall

Res Middle District of Forth Carolina

I have discussed Eugene Gordon with Bert Bennett, who, as you know, is a political ally of Governor Sanford and that part of the Democratic Party of North Carolina.

Mr. Bennett said Gordon is the chairman of the party organization in Alamance County and that he is a close personal friend of Senator Jordan. In the second primary in 1960, two of Gordon's closest associates have told Bennett that Gordon supported Beverly Lake. However, Bennett does not believe that Gordon made any public statements in view of his position as a party official.

Binnett says that Gordon is "a part of yesterday" and that his makeup and associations would put him politically with the Lake supporters in the D mocratic Farty rather than the Kennedy supporters.

Bennett did not think that in any event Gordon would support Lake in 1964, but that he would support a candidate named Dan Moore, against Judge Prayer, if he is free to engage in the campaigs.

20 December 1963

MEMORANDUM FOR THE HONORABLE RALPH DUNGAM THE WHITE HOUSE

From Burke Marshall

Attached is a news story from The Tuscaloosa News in Alabama reporting a rumor, presumably originating from Gallion, that McDonald Gallion was under consideration for appointment to the ICC.

Gallion was Attorney General for the Etate of Alabama at the time of the Freedom Rides. He was present at the Montgomery Bus Station, observed a good bit of. the riot, served papers on one of the Freedom Riders while he was virtually unconscious from a beating, and in every way obstructed rather than assisted in the maintenance of law and order.

Gallion is reputed to have a good many Klan connections.

If he is ever under consideration for any sort of an appointment, among the people who should he given an opportunity to express their Views are Mr. Justice White, who represented the President at the time of the Freedom Ride episode in May 1961, and Louis Oberdorfer, who accompanied Justice White at the time.

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Attachment

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Offer From Johnson?

Gallion Reported in Line For Appointment To ICC

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30 December 1963

HEMORALDUM FOR THE DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL

From Burke Marshall

Re: Middle District of North Carolina

I have the following information from Bill Staton, a lawyer in Sanford, North Carolina, who is also a member of the National Committee and a close supporter of Terry Sanford and Judge Preyer. He is politically allied with Bert Bennett and Henry Wilson.

Mr. Staton has known Gordon for a long time. They were in the Army together and they were in fact wounded in the same battle.

He says Gordon is a very capable man and is straightforward, honest and intelligent. He is a chief supporter and close ally of Sonator Jordan. He is very conservative in all matters. He has been aligned politically against Governor Sanford since at least 1948.

Mr. Staton says that he has no doubt that Gordon supported Beverly Lake in the second primary in 1960. That primary was concerned almost solely with the race issue, with Lake taking an outright segregationist, racist position, in contrast to Governor Sanford.

Mr. Staton believes that, although it is not clear, Lake will run for Governor again in 1964, and will make the second primary which will take place around June 20. He believes that it would be helpful from that point of view if no appointment is made until after that date.

Nevertheless, Mr. Staton said that he thought Gordon would make a good judge, that he has a good judicial temperment, and that he would be fair on matters involving racial questions.

27 December 1963

MEMORAHDUM FOR THE DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL

From Burke Marshall

Res Middle District of Forth Carolina

I have the following further information about Eugene Gordon. This is from McNeill Smith, who is an excellent white lawyer in Greensboro, and formerly chairman of the Korth Carolina Advisory Committee to the Civil Rights Commission.

Mr. Smith's first comment was that Mr. Gordon would be pretty conservative on civil rights but may not be impossible. He said that he would check further, and did so.

Mr. Smith talked with a white liberal lawyer from Alamance County, which is where Gordon lives, who is a friend and supporter of Gordon. This lawyer said that Gordon was conservative on the racial question but that he had "mellowed" since the vacancy on the court occurred. Gordon changed his position on the question of permitting Negroes to become members of the local bar association. This man reported to Smith that Gordon did support Beverly Lake in 1960, but that he believed this support was due to personal animosity toward Terry Sanford rather than an agreement with Lake's racial extremism. He further said that Gordon was a good man, not mean, that he would have a "judicious attitude", that he would not want to be reversed, and that he had always gotten along all right with the Megroes in the local Democratic Party organization. In summary, this

lawyer told Smith that he could not give Gordon a clean bill of health on the civil rights question, but that he thought he would be all right, and that he was not an out-and-out segregationist, but only conservative.

Swith also talked with a Negro lawyer in the county who said that he did not believe that Gordon was a segregationist.

Finally, Smith talked with a Negro political leader in the county who said that he believed that Gordon was all right and that he also did not believe that Gordon was a segregationist.

2 January 1964

C. G. Gomillion, Chairman
Macon County Progressive Democratic
Committee
7 308 Bibb Street
Tuskegee Institute, Alabama 36088

Dear Dr. Gomillions

Thank you for your letter of December 18 regarding McDonald Gallion. I had seen the news stories. If any such appointment is under consideration, which it is not as far as I know, I am sure that Mr. Gallion's views and performance on racial matters will be known and taken account of.

Thank you very much for writing.

Very truly yours,

Burke Marshall
Assistant Attorney General
Civil Rights Division

Air Mail

STATE DEMOCRATIC EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE STATE STATE OF STATE

J. B. FUQUA, Crarenso F B DOM HOS AUGUSTA, OCORDIA

December 26, 1963

Hon, Burke Marshall
Assistant Attorney General
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Burke:

I will greatly appreciate it if you will turn over the enclosed to whoever in the Justice Department handles the type of case involved. I believe it should go to Mr. Carl W. Belcher.

The party involved in this proceeding. Mr.
Leroy W. Weathers, is a former client of Governor
Sanders, and has been a good friend of ours for many
years. He enjoys an excellent reputation in the community. This man was apparently caught in the wholesale
embargo against all of the furniture moving firms doing
business at Fort Gordon near Augusta, but, apparently,
no evidence has been developed that would warrant any
action. On the other hand, failure of the Justice Department to act has prevented him from being able to resume
his normal business with the military.

Governor Sanders and I will appreciate whatever you can do to get this matter expedited.

With warm personal regards,

Sincerely,

J. B. Fugue

JBF/ww

oc - Governor Carl E. Sanders

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January 3 1964

iir. J. 3. Paqua P. O. Box LiGh Angusta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Poque:

Assistant Attorney Ceneral Burke Marshell has forwarded to my office your letter concerning Mr. Lercy M. Seathers, along with the accompanying enclosures you appended. Inthe our investigation of the case has been continuing we have been mable, of course, to complete our evaluation. Our last contact, this week, with the United States Attorney's office in Augusta, Coorda, has indicated that the investigation is in its final stage and should be completed in the very near future. Once completed, the report will be given direct attention for a final prosecutive decision.

As Mr. Meathern has been told by Mr. Jack McDehee, in the latter's letter of December 13, 1963, we have notified Assistant United States Attorney Millian Morton that Army efficials in Mashington were advised by us that any administrative action they take against the transportation companies concerned is independent of our role in the matter. The decision of Army personnel to continue or discontinue their administrative action is entirely outside of our jurisdiction.

However, please be assured that our investigation and evaluation will be concluded at the earliest opportunity. Our staff has been following this case closely and contimuously with the United States Attorney's office since the case pages so that nariamum coordination and expedition would be achieved.

Sincerely,

HERBERT J. MILLER, Jr. Assistant Attorney General

C: Assistant Attorney Deneral Civil Rights Division

7 January 1964

MEMORAHUM FOR AL ROSEE

Here is another proposed request for a record analysis. This one is from Alabama, which will give you examples from Louisiana, Mississippi and Alabama.

> Burke Marshall Assistant Attorney General Civil Rights Division

Attachment - Analysis of Records, Bibb County, Alabama

PUBLIC AFFAIRS COMMITTEE, INC. 22 EAST 38th STREET - NEW YORK 16, N. Y. - MU 3-4331



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MAINTENANT A. MAINTENANT

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PUBLIC AFFAIRS FILM COMMITTEE 1705 Managhards Ann., M.W., Washington & R. E SALLAS JOHNSON, Romphies and Plan Goodbacker GRANVILLE LAMBOUR, M.R. Commission

PROPOSAL:

For A Bocumentary Report Film and Pamphlet

PROPOSAL FOR A BOCUMENTARY REPORT FILM AND PAMPHLET

Subject:

CITIZEN ACTION in Atlanta, Georgia, leading to the preservation of public schools and to their gradual desegregation.

Foreword:

The successful desegregation of schools in Atlanta, Georgia, in the fall of 1961 was not accidental. A prodigious community effort took place that undoubtedly figured largely in this success. As Attorney General Robert Kennedy said in congratulating OASIS leaders for the part this organization played: "The answer obviously is a citizens" movement."

The citizens' movement in Atlanta was unique for more than one reason. It came about in response to an overwhelming need -- to save the public schools, which were threatened with closure. It united an entire community. It pioneered new ways of civic action. It was successful.

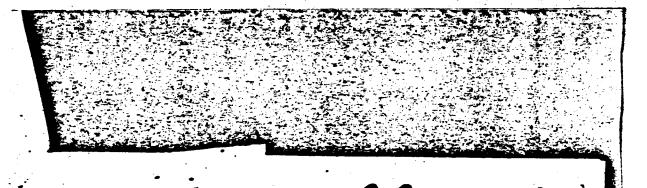
Atlanta's leaders had few materials to use in meeting this crisis. Practically no films were available. The few that were, were unsuitable. Published materials were inadequate. Information about the experiences of Little Rock and Norfolk, for example, was available but much was negative. Scattered materials had to be rewritten to adapt principles and techniques to local action. Education leaders had to feel their way with few if any precedents. Police had to develop their own unique

Other communities need not face this vacuum, nor should they. Superintendents in Southern communities have overwhelmingly expressed a desire for the kind of assistance we believe this project will supply. Community leaders in many areas have expressed desire for Atlanta materials and would, we believe, not only welcome but grasp eagerly for a file that would illustrate and drive home the positive steps taken.

A documentary film can present the Atlanta developments both factually and dramatically. It can both inform and persuade. Study and adaptation of successful leadership patterns by other communities, both South and North, will be greatly facilitated.

All communities have racial problems, but in the South these problems have a peculiar intensity and character. In many Southern communities desegregation is still avoided as a topic of discussion, though all know its problems must be faced. Communications between the races have deteriorated, where they have not broken down. A factual report on how one Southern community faced up to the problems, and what both races working together did about them, would be of great value. It would help break the mental and emotional log jams and open the way for discussion.

This film would be of value to the North, also, where the problems concern not only schools but advances in desegregation in other areas such as housing. These communities also would gain by study of concepts of social action and leadership which might be applied to their problems.



Other nations want this report. The Vest German TV Network realizes what knowledge of citizen action can mean to people everywhere who are vitally concerned with democratic processes. For the scope of the applicability of the film is not limited to problems of race: the story of citizen action is the story of democracy.

Audi ence:

Service clubs, civic groups, PTAs, educators, police, city officials, and other opinion-shaping groups.

Purpose:

To help communities, especially those in the South, develop effective patterns for constructive social action, geared to any problem,

Format:

FILM: 25 to 30 minutes, 16mm, black and white, sound. Live photography on location. Re-enactments of actual events; stock footage of important events covered by newsreels; interviews to update the story and location photography to establish setting and accomplish transitions; limited animation to show organizational structures, still photographs rephotographed on motion picture film, filmograph style.

Pamphlet: An accompanying, or background pamphlet on the same subject will be published as one of the Public Affairs Pamphlet Series. This will, in the usual thorough PAC manner, present solid information for the group leaders and serious thinkers attempting to find solutions to segregation problems in their own communities. Such a pamphlet would be written by a writer of stature in the South, and would take its place among such noteworthy pamphlets in the PAC series as The Races of Hankind by Ruth Benedict, What's Happening in School Integration by Jean Grambs, 1957, and School Segregation, Northern Style by Will Maslow and Richard Cohen, 1961. The pamphlet will be approximately 8,000 words long, will include an introductory announcement of the film (see inside back cover diabetes pamphlet, attached) as well as a program guide to the joint use of film and pamphlet.

Content Highlights:

Atlanta, a growing metropolis, center of transportation and education: the Schools of Atlanta; the Supreme Court Decision and reactions to it; massive resistance on the state level; expressions by individual leaders on both sides; informal meetings and discussions by citizens favoring compliance; formation of leadership groups, "MOPE" (Help Our Public Education), DASIS (Organizations Assisting Schools in September), the decision to include NAACP representatives in leadership meetings, The Atlanta School Board Plan for Compliance, "GUTS" (Georgians Unwilling to Surrender), the opposition group; the change of attitude on the part of the business group; the Sibley Report; quiet working behind the scanes by the newly constituted groups; support of the Mayor and Chief of Police; desegregation of busses and portions of the public parks; second constitutional amendment passed by the legislature opening the way for local option on school detegregation; preparations for admission of Negroes to schools in September '61; plans for assisting the visiting press to tell

a positive story; working with local press, TV and radio; avoidence of mass meetings; Atlanta's preparations compared with those of atlast cities: Louisville, Kentucky, Balles, Texas; some of the lessons learned in Atlanta; the untinished task -- a challenge to "titisen Action" in the years about.

Sponsoring Organization:

Public Affairs Committee, inc., 22 East 38th Street, New York, New York, New York, is a non-profile educational organization which for the past 25 years has published pemphlets on the most important issues of the times. (See 30 Million Pamphlets, The Story of Public Affairs Committee, attached.) Hore recently PAC has inaugurated a series of educational films on and distribution patterns are ideally suited to the 'Atlanta Project." Its pamphlets reach the people who will use the film: school, church, and labor leaders, local and state governmental officials; and a wast network of service clubs, women's and young people's organizations.

- Distribution - Utilisation:

Public Affairs Committee has gained much experience in distributing educational materials, but each film requires its own unique promotion and distribution plan, Ballas Johnson, Film Coordinator for PAC, is a specialist in developing and carrying out such plans. She will see the use of them. There will be 60 pre-view prints (see budget) for this purpose and to stimulate sales and rentals by film libraries, government agencies, and other organizations. Some prints will be made available on a long term free loan basis to groups in crucial states which can make the most effective use of them. This will require some research, particularly among the groups from which the advisory committee is drawn. The Film Coordinator will work with the national offices of cooperating organizations to develop the strongest possible utilization plans to be activated on the state and local level. These national organizations are not organizations to be sort which have already cooperated with Public Affairs Committee in most of which have already cooperated with Public Affairs Committee in the past, will be supplied with 25,000 copies of the pamphlet for distribution to local levels. This is included in the budget,

A strong effort will be made to achieve outlets for the film through commercial and educational television. The length of the film - 25 to promotion to TV stations by PAC will be coordinated with encouragement by local citizens groups of TV use of the film. The major use of the film, however, will be Idem showings by citizen groups seeking answers to their community's problems.

Film Producer: .

Micholss C. Read, Potomac Films, Inc., 1536 Connecticut Avenue, M. W., Mashington, B. C., a native of Montgomery, Alabama, and a graduate of the University of Morth Carolina, who has had over 20 years experience in all espects of film production.

Film Editor:

W. T. Betts

Sylvia Cumming

Technical Advisor:

Jane Ross Hammer, a native of Charlotte, North Caroline, graduate of the University of North Caroline, former president of the Georgia League of Momen Voters, director of DASIS, formerly on the faculty of Spelines College in Atlanta,

Advisory Committee: (to be confirmed)

Marold Fleming, Executive Birector of the Potomac Institute, Washington, B.C.

Raiph HcGill, Publisher, Atlanta Constitution.

Rev. Samuel Williams, President, MAACP, Atlanta Chapter.

Opie L. Shelton, Executive Vice President, Atlanta Chamber of Commerce.

William B. Hartsfield, Mayor of Atlanta.

John W. Letson, Superintendent of Schools, Atlanta.

Mrs. Walter Pascall, Director (Atlanta) Greater Atlanta and Georgia Councils on Human Relations.

Hrs. Thomas Breeden, Chairman of MOPE Inc. (Help Our Public Education)

Mrs. Edward Vinson, Public Relations Chairman, Leagues of Women Voters of Atlanta and Georgia.

Rev. Morman Shands, Pastor, West End Baptist Church.

Mrs. David Neiman, Information Chairman, OASIS (Organizations Assisting Schools in September)

Dr. Leslie W. Dumbar, Executive Director, Southern Regional Council.

Mrs. Phil B. Narmore, President, United Church Vomen at Atlanta.

Reed Sarratt, Editor, Southern School Hews

Robert A. Thompson, Executive Director, Urban League, Atlanta, Georgia.

Dr. Benjamin Mays, President, Morehouse College, Atlanta, Georgia.

Judget :

Production costs of the film are estimated to be \$35,000. This includes research, script writing, purchase and copying of stock shot negatives, all original shooting, sound recording, laboratory costs, film editing, royalties, releases, music, insurance and answer print. In other words, the entire production package up through delivery of one approved screening print.

Distribution, promotion, and pamphlet costs would come to an estimated \$10,000. This includes 60 preview prints of the film; 25,000 copies of the pamphlet; promotion (direct mail) by PAC; services and travel expenses of the Film Coordinator in establishing distribution and utilization patterns with cooperating organizations.

Other Films:

While some films have been done on the subject of desegregation of schools, none answers the needs of southern communities seeking a path to peaceful progress, and no city has pointed more clearly to that puth than has Atlanta. Other successful preparations should not, of course, be ignored; and some shooting might be required in places other than Atlanta.

Life Expectancy:

While great strides are being made toward desegregation of schools in the South, much more rapidly than was thought possible a few years age, it will still require many years before the problems related to this historic transformation are settled. Even then, many issues will remain, in short, a democracy free from issues which must be discussed and settled by its citizens is a contradiction of terms. Since the aim of this film is to demonstrate convincingly methods and patterns of citizen action and leadership techniques rather than merely to show the end results, this film should have a long period of usefulness. It may well be that if the South is successful in developing effective mechanisms for citizens action as it goes through the throes of social change, it will set an example for the rest of the nation not equalled since the days of the great Virginians — Washington, Jefferson, Madison, Patrick Henry and Monroe.

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TELEGRAN; SPECIAL

MUDO23 PAGE LAG43

L LLTOET IL PD LOS AMGELES CALIF 30 US ATTORNEY GENERALS OFFICE

PERT MARSHALL WASHIDG

THE FOLLOWING ARE PERSONS SUGGESTED BY THE STALL COMMITTEE

TO MEET WITH THE ATTORNEY GENERAL AND/OR THE PRESIDENT CONCERNING
THE POSSITILITY OF AN INDUSTRY WIDE MEETING OF FILLY AND TV INDUSTRY
FOR THE PUPPOSE OF IMPROVING EMPLOYMENT PRACTICES AND IMPROVING
THE IMAGE OF MINORITIES IN FILM. THE NAMES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

LEW WASSERMAN, REVIEW STUDIOS UNIVERSAL CITY CALIF. MARLON

PRAIDO 12500 MULHOLLAND DRIVE BEVERLY MILLS CALIF. ROBERT DLUMOFE

UNITED ARTISTS STUDIOS 1041 NORTH FORMOSA HOLLYWOOD ROD SERVING

1450 MONCAC DRIVE PACIFIC PALISADES. BOD NEWINE CBS TELEVISION

HOLLYWOOD CALIF. STEVE ALLAN 16185 MOCDALE RD SHERMAN OAKS.

TILLIE WILDER 1041 NORTH FORMOSA HOLLYWOOD. ROBERT WISE 702

OCEAN FRONT SANTA MONICA. DR EASON MONROE 323 MEST 5TH ST LCS

ANGELES. MRS TONY FRANCOISA 707 NORTH ARDEN DRIVE BEVERLY HILLS. THOMAS G NEUSOM 1111 EAST VERNON LOS ANGELES THOMAS NEUSOM

12900 1041 1490 16185 1041 702 323 5 707 1111

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CIV. RIGHTS DIV.

we con Mary for

SMITH, GARDNER, KELLEY & WIGGINS ATTURNEYS AT LAW PURT OFFICE BOX 1008

July 24, 1903

Tax Family Avenue

Honorable Bert Marshall Department of Justice Washington, D. C.

Dear Bert:

We represent a man by the name of Cleo E. Lovett, Reg. No. 68-EF, who is serving time at the Federal Penitentiary at Tallahassee, Florida for the offense of making whiskey. Mr. Lovett has suffered a severe heart attack and has been eligible for parole for several months. I Board.

I would appreciate it very much if there is any way that you could help us in securing the release of this man. His wife feels he is not receiving the right medical treatment. According to the doctors, his condition is being controlled by digitalis and he must be kept under close cupervision by a physician. He is not to do any labor whatsoever.

The Pardon and Parole Board passed on this case sometime in May. If you could help us we certainly would appreciate

Yours very truly,

ASA D. KELLEY, JR.

ADKIR; nry

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STERN U



141P EST JAN 1 54. PA141 P WA362 PD WASHINGTON DC 1 117P EST. BURKE MARSHALL, CIVIL RIGHTS DEVISION JUSTICE DEPT

15 EAST MELROSE AVE CHEVYCHASE MD WE DEMAND IMMEDIATE INTERVENTION BY THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT TO PROTECT THE LIVES OF 14 PEACE WALKERS IN JAIL NOW IN ALBANY GEORGIA. THESE PEOPLE ARE BEING TORTURED WITH CATTLE PRODS FOR DEMANDING RIGHTS GUARANTEED BY THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION AND PRESUMABLY ENFORCED BY THE JUSTICE DEPT. WE REMIND YOU. THAT THE JUSTICE DEPT HAS PROSECUTED CIVIL RIGHTS FORKERS IN THIS SAME CITY. IF THE DEPARTMENT CAN INTERVENE WHEN LIVES WERE NOT INVOLVED, SURELY IT CAN INTERVENE TO STOP HELNOUS TORTURE BY BRUTAL POLICE OFFICIALS IN ALBANY WE AWAIT WORD FROM YOUR OFFICE BEFORE ACTING JULIUS & HOBSON SOUTHEAST REGIONAL DIRECTOR CONGRESS OF RACIAL EQUALITY

PAUL, WEISS, RIPKIND, WHARTON & GARRISON S75 MADISON AVENUE, NEW YORK 22, N.Y.

SABLE: LONGSHOWT, 0.

SETTING J CON STANDA MANAGEM E MANE IN SEVEL D MANE

February 18, 1963

Hon. Burke Marshall
Department of Justice
Constitution Ave. & 10 St. N.W.
Washington, D. C.

Dear Burke:

Enclosed please find copy of a telegram received this morning, which is more than somewhat contradictory to the letter I furnished you of February 7th.

Kindest regards.

Sincerely,

Morris B. Abras

Enclosure

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This a surprise.
Time has Tunned has

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	For No. Diese DEPARTMENT OF AUSTICE ROUT. ; S.M. L. DAME DEPARTMENT OF AUSTICE ROUT. ; S.M. DUILDING AND NAME L. The Attorney General
	Ed Gothney Burke Maraball
	SEGNATURE APPROVAL SEE ME RECOMMENT NOTE AND RETURN ANSPER OF ACCURATION ANSPER OF ACCURATION CALL ME PREPARE SEPLY FOR THE MENT AND PALE THE MENT AND PALE PREPARE SEPLY FOR REMARKS
P	This is a surprise. Time has turned honest. OFFICE OF THE RECEIVED ** C.S. 20 1962
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WESTERN UNION

TELEGRAM

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MORRIS B ABRAM

PAUL WEISS RIFKIND WHARTON ALD SARRISON 575 MADISON AVE

NYK

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THE EDITORS OF TIME HAGAZINE HAVE RECEIVED YOUR LETTER PLAN TO PRINT EXCERPTS FROM IT IN THE LETTERS SECTION OF THE ISSUE DATED FEB 22

NANCY FABER LETTERS EDITOR

22 · (27).